Rural Intelligent GRID



RIGRID - from Vision to Realization

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ERA-NET SMART GRIDS PLUS | FROM LOCAL TRIALS TOWARDS A EUROPEAN KNOWLEDGE COMMUNITY



Rural Intelligent Grid – Motivation



- The dominant role of Renewable Energy Sources (RES)
 - Aim of European Union: up to 80 % of the total electric demand by RES by 2050
- Opposition from the local population regarding installing new power plants
 - Non-engagement in the planning and decision-making processes
- Most of the European areas are rural

The development of smart grid rural areas represents a good test field to realize and test new energy projects

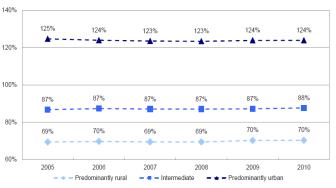
Predominantly urban regions (rural population: <20 % of the total population)

Intermediate regions (rural population: 20–50 % of the total population)

Predominantly rural regions(rural population: >50 % of the total population)

Data not available

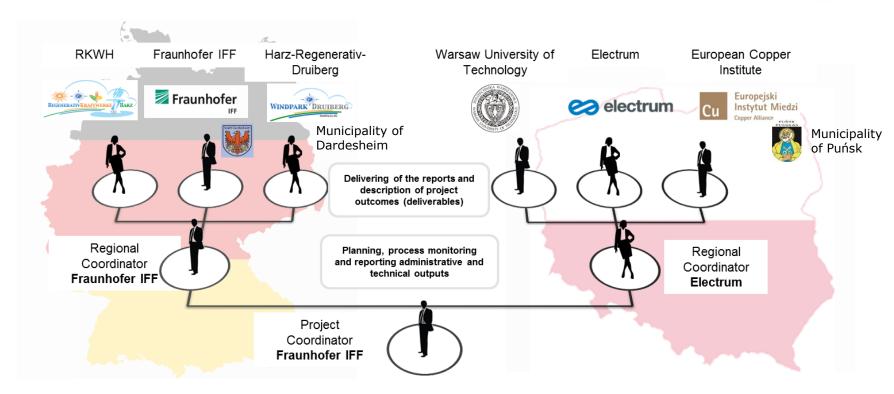






Project Consortium





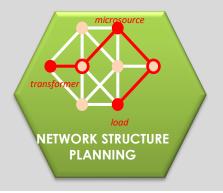
Three Layers of ERA-Net Smart Grid Plus



Technical layer

Local generation from RES

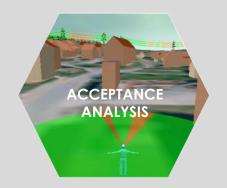
- to improve reliability and security of supply
- to reduce CO₂ emission



Social layer

Active participation of inhabitants

- acceptance of new investments
- new jobs, contract for local companies
- attract new residents



Economic layer

Involvement of the inhabitants into the clean energy idea

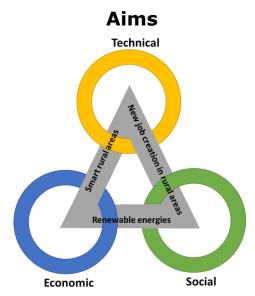
- income from the energy sale
- new career opportunities
- increased visibility of the region
- "energy" tourism development





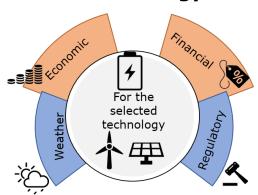
Rural Intelligent Grid – aims and innovation





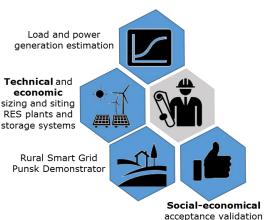
- Design tool for the planning and operation of smart grids in rural infrastructures
- Multiple-criteria approach that considers technical, economic and social aspects

Methodology



- Technical: realization of smart rural area based on the use of RES
- **Social**: acceptance analysis for installation new infrastructures
- Economic: developing new models business and attractiveness analysis

Results



- Software tool based on VRS Platform® Microsoft and on Office®
- 3D visualization of scenarios
- Business model analysis









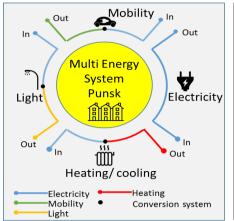


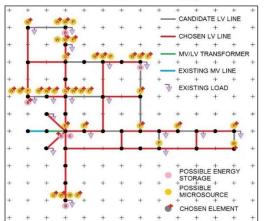


Technical layer – selected results

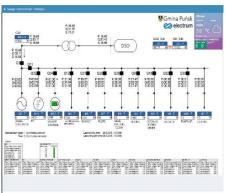
RIGII

- Concepts, models and algorithms for optimal planning and operation of microgrids in rural areas
 - Software for planning optimal structures of LV microgrid
 - Softwar for optimal microgrid operation
 - Multi-energy model of Punsk
- Demontrator in Punsk
 - wastewater treatment plant (30 kW), PV (40 kWp), diesel generator (25 kW), battery storage (18 kW/ 25 kWh), controllable load, metering, control, protection and communication
- EMACS for monitoting and controling microgrid
- Laboratory stand for protection system testing







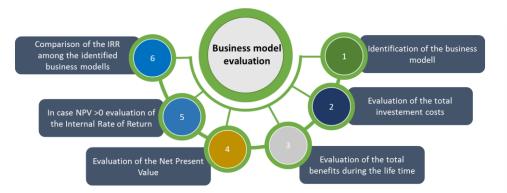


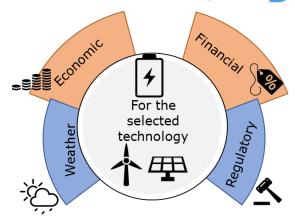


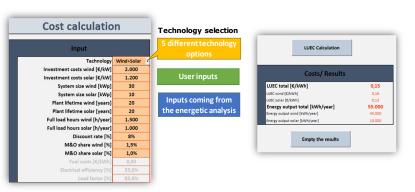
Economic layer – selected results

RIGII

- Investment and operation cost calculation tool for electrical infrastructure planning and operation
 - Economic sizing of power plants and energy storage systems
 - · Under condition: economic, finacial, regulatory, weather
 - Total Investment
 - Electricity Generation Costs
 - Business Model
 - Environmental impact/ Avoided CO2 emissions
 - Potential job creation





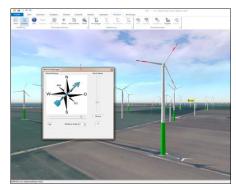




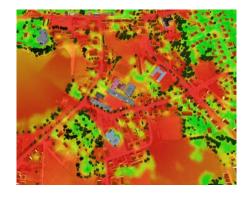
Social layer – selected results

RIGII

- Virtual Reality tool for spatial planning and acceptance analysis of electrical infrastructure
 - Simulation and communication of planning with decision makers, planners and residents
 - Creation of acceptance among the population
 - Presentation of actual situations and planning alternatives
 - Customized object catalog
 - Interactive functionalities for planning and presentation





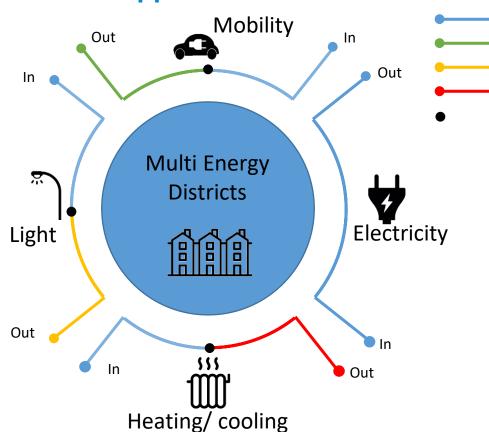






RIGRID Tool: Planning Net Zero Energy Cities-Holistic approach





Electrification of all energy uses:

- mobility, light and heating-cooling Multi energy systems: holistic approach of the whole energy system
- Improvement of relisience and security of the urban energy system
- Improvement of reliability
- Microgrids as solutions (i.e. 2011 tsunami in Japan)



Electricity

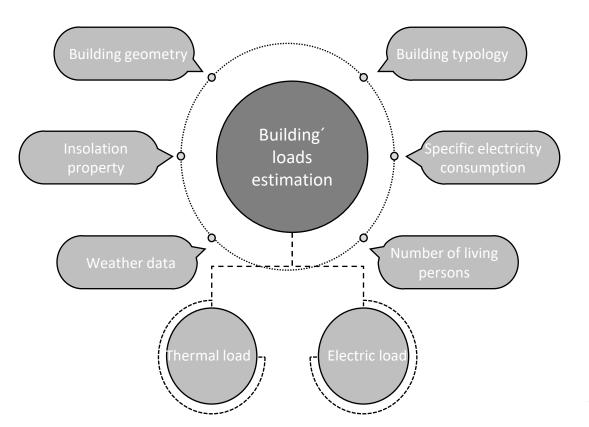
Mobility

Heating

Conversion system

Light

RIGRID Tool: Planning Net Zero Energy Cities- Modelling tools RURAL INTELLIGENT for energy use in buildings





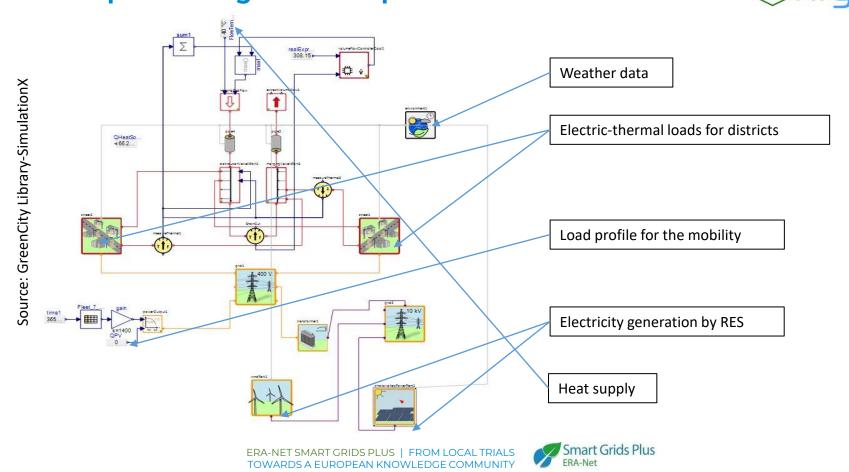


Insolation property and building geometry: Thermal load Building typology and number of living persons: Electric load



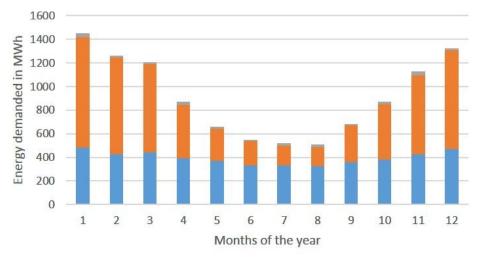


RIGRID Tool: Planning Net Zero Energy Cities- Evaluation of consumption and generation potential



Study case: Punks 2050- Net Zero Energy System-Energy consumption





	Residential sector	Thermal sector	Transportation sector
Max demanded electric power [kW]	1221	2874	460
Yearly demanded electricity [MWh]	4718	6029	240

■ Residential Sector [MWh] ■ Thermal Sector [MWh] ■ Transportation Sector [MWh]





Study case: Punks 2050- Net Zero Energy System-Energy and economi indexes



$$SSCI = \frac{\int_{t=t_1}^{t_2} \min \left\{ Load(t), RES_{gen}(t) \right\}}{\int_{t_2}^{t_2} RES_{gen}(t)}$$

System Self Consumption Index

$$SSSI = \frac{\int_{t=t_{1}}^{t_{2}} \min \left\{ Load(t), RES_{gen}(t) \right\}}{\int_{t=t_{1}}^{t_{2}} Load(t)}$$

System Self Sufficiency Index



$$NPV = \sum_{t=0}^{N} \frac{CF_t}{\left(1+i\right)^t}$$

$$IRR = \sum_{t=0}^{N} \frac{CF_i}{(1+r)^t} = 0$$



$$LUEC = \frac{\gamma \cdot i}{h \cdot \left[1 - \left(1 + i\right)^{-y}\right]} + \frac{M \& O}{E_{el}}$$



Study case: Punks 2050- Net Zero Energy System-Economic evaluation-Electricity generation costs



PV (kW)	Wind (kW)	LUEC _{NZES} (€/MWh)	NPV (k€)	IRR (%)
10850	0	128	640	5,34
9000	1100	127	3056	6,7
8000	1621	118	2850	6,7
7000	2282	108	2663	6,78
6000	2873	98	2839	7,06
5000	3464	89	2643	7,1
4000	4055	79	2572	7,25
3000	4646	70	2625	7,55
2000	5237	61	2678	7,93
1000	5828	51	2607	8,28
0	6420	46	2591	8,50

RIGIRD Realization





Thank you for your attention!

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ERA-NET SMART GRIDS PLUS | FROM LOCAL TRIALS TOWARDS A EUROPEAN KNOWLEDGE COMMUNITY

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